### 15.3 Least Common Multiples and Denominators <br> * FINDING THE LEAST COMMON MULTIPLES

Recall: $\frac{2}{15}+\frac{7}{18}$

The LCD (the least common denominator) is the LCM of the denominators. It should contain all the factors of the denominators.

Ex. Find the LCM.
(a) $6 x^{3}, 8 x^{5}$
(b) $a^{2}-25,3 a^{3}-15 a^{2}$

LCM: $\qquad$ LCM:
(c) $x^{2}+4 x+4, x^{2}-4$
(d) $x^{5}+2 x^{4}+x^{3}, 2 x^{3}-2 x, 5 x-5$
$\qquad$ LCM: $\qquad$

